DIANA: Data Intensive ANAlyzer

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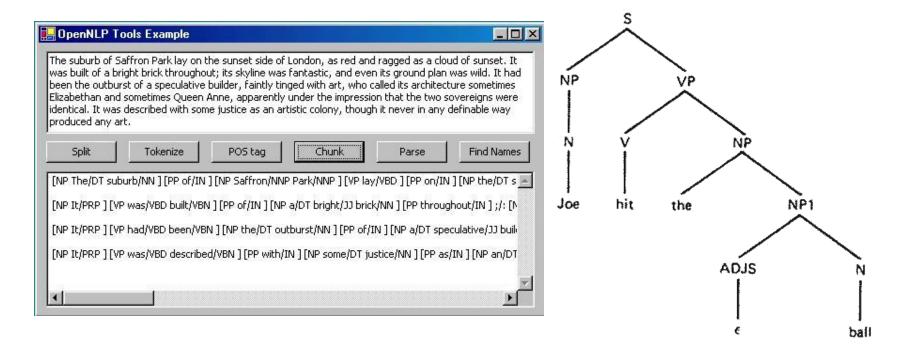
Outline

- "Data Intensive"?
- My research context
- Call for (synergetic) collaborations!

- Mantra of the talk
 - Ignorance is bliss
 - Systematic creativity: Undiscovered public knowledge

Swanson suggested ... that novel information might be unearthed by systematically studying seemingly unrelated and non-interactive research literatures, which he called "complementary but disjoint"

Motivation: NLP meets IR

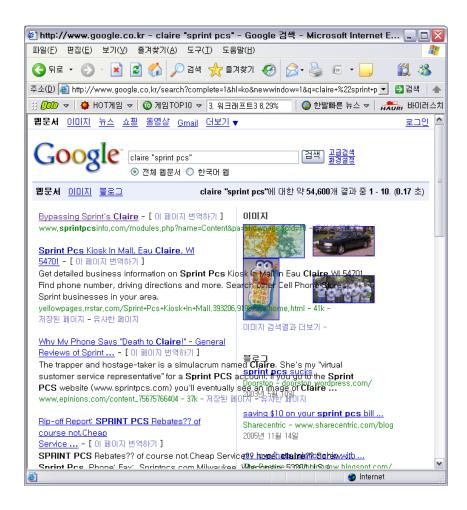


Classic NLP

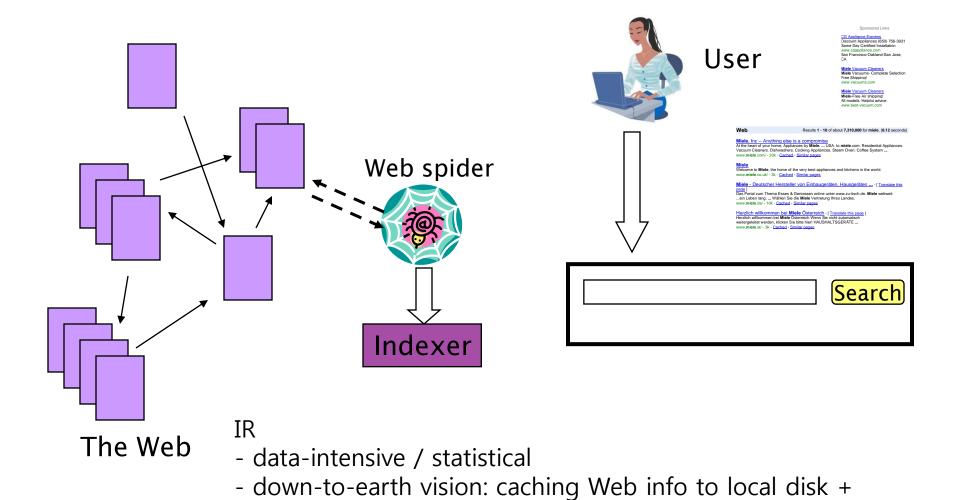
- generative / model-driven
- ambitious vision: AI

NLP vision today?



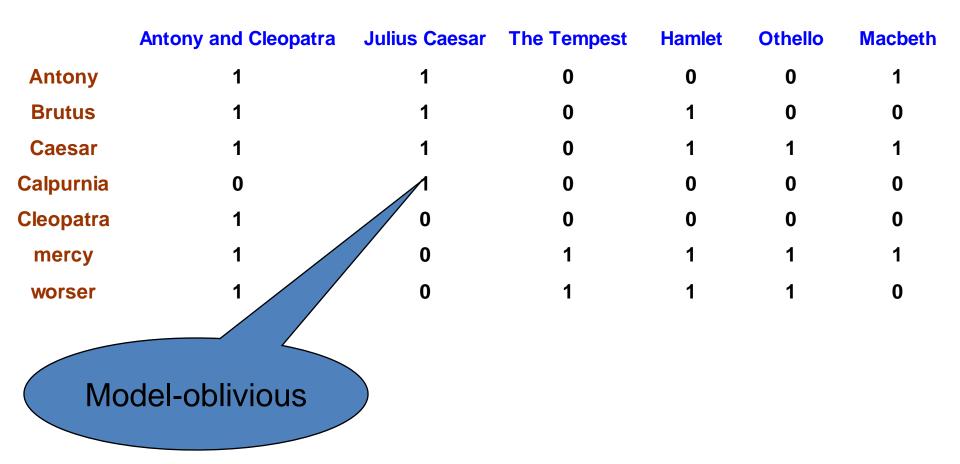


IR story



provide efficient access

IR="Ignorant" Retrieval?



Source: http://www.stanford.edu/class/cs276/cs276-2006-syllabus.html

But "ignorance is bliss"

• Brutus: 1 1 0 1 0 0

• Caesar: 1 1 0 1 1 1

Brutus AND Caesar:1 1 0 1 0 0

- 3 out of 7? Ranking?
- Immediate answer? Indexing?
- → My research interests

NLP+IR Synergy Today

- Web-scale NLP
 - Augmenting NLP engine to exploit Webscale corpus knowledge
 - Enriching IR view with NLP knowledge
 - Synergy showcases

Synergy Showcase #1 : Learning Language

Generative

Comprehensive English - Nave that 성문 종합영어 宋成文》

Data intensive



Showcase #2: Translation

Generative

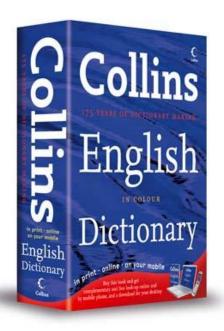


Data intensive

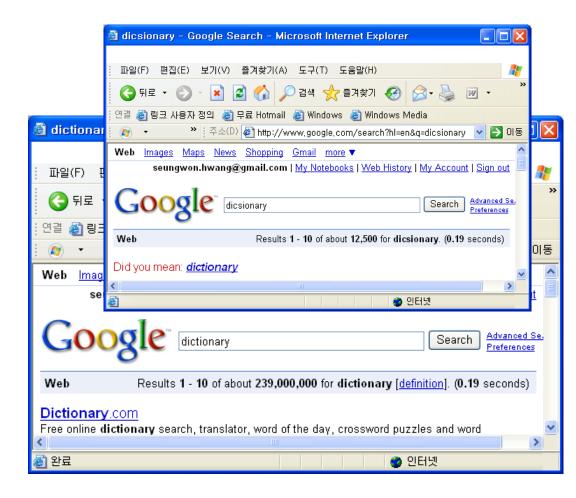


Showcase #3: Writing Help

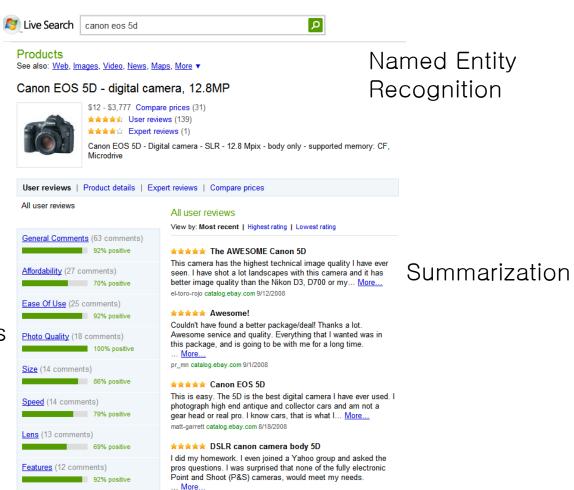
Generative



Data intensive



Showcase #4: Search Intent?

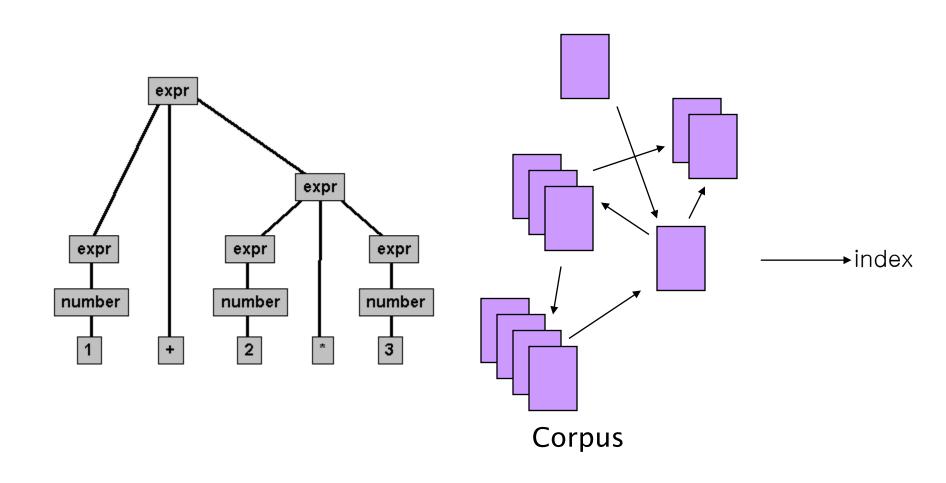


Sentiment analysis

Claim

Data intensive approaches can provide complementary and scalable solutions

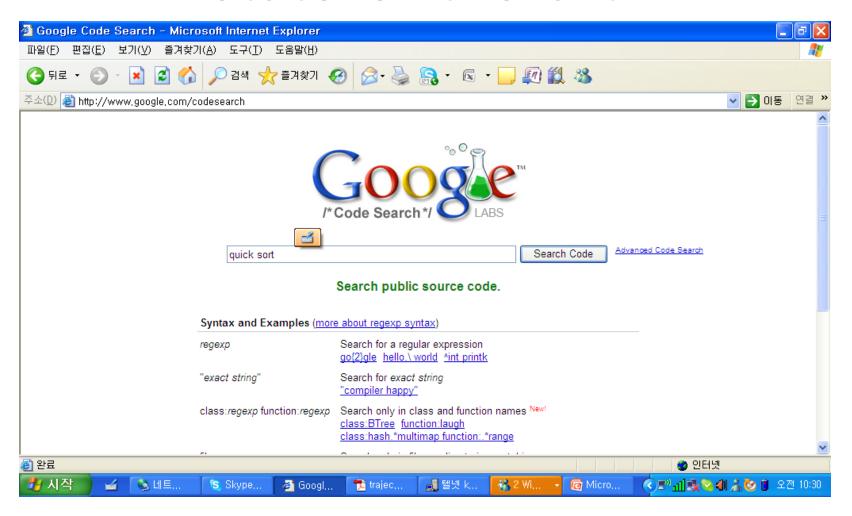
How is this claim relevant to US?



Opportunities

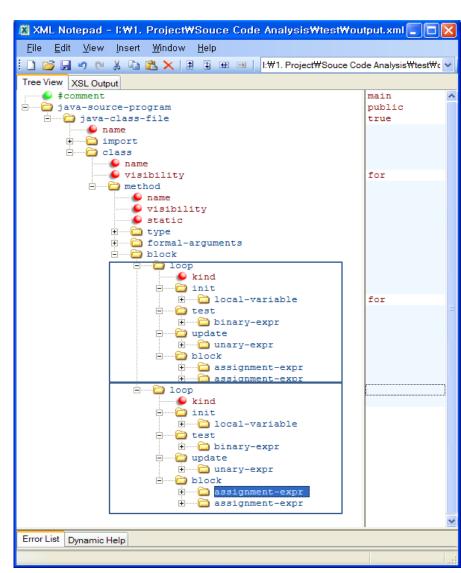
- Corpus as a "byproduct" of software products
 - Code corpus (search engine)
 - Bug fix corpus (development platforms)
 - Crash / bug reports (various products)
- Code search, debugging guidance, teaching coding by examples, ...

Huge room to "advance the state-of-the-art"



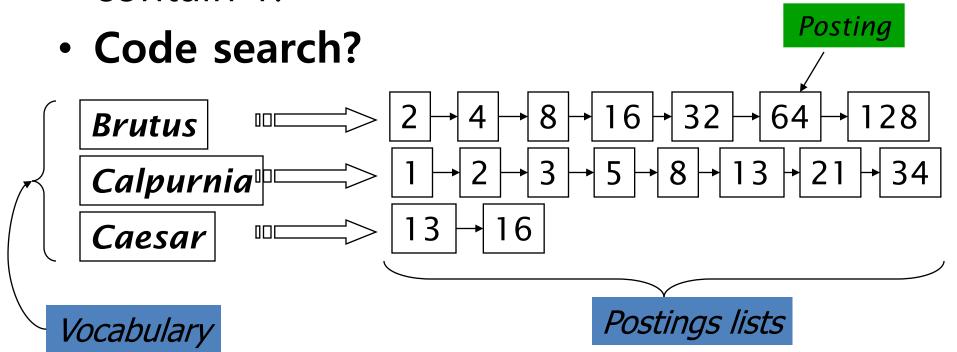
Instant Structure Match

- Sample code search
- Code review
- Education



Indexing?

• **Search engine:** For each term *T*, we must store a list of all documents that contain *T*.



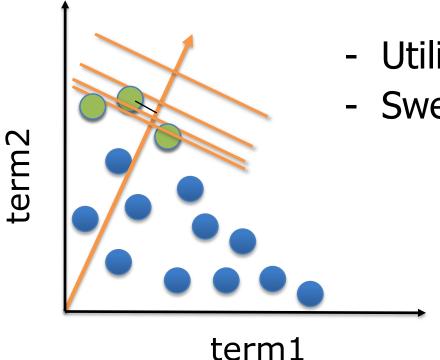
We need to define

- Ranking function
- Ranking algorithm
- Structural vocabulary

My Research Context: Ranking in DB

- Solution for intuitive exploration
 - Return best matches
 - Deliver only k results

- → No empty results
- → No flooding



- Utility relies on scoring function
- Sweepline collects best results

Pioneering Algorithm

Fagin's Algorithm [Fag96] (PODS)

Sorted list on Mileage			Sorted list on Age	
#	Mileage		#	Age
1	0.9		4	0.9
2	0.8		1	0.8
3	0.7		2	0.7
		X		
		$/ \setminus$		
4	0.6		3	0.2

K = 2F(id)=2*mileage+age (monotonic)

#	Mileage	Age	F(id)
1	0.9	0.8	2.6
4	0.6	0.9	2.1
2	0.8	0.7	2.3
3	0.7	0.2	1.6

My Research Context: Ranking in DB

	Random Access			
Sorted Access	<i>r =1</i> (<i>cheap</i>)	r = h (expensive)	$r = \infty$ (impossible)	
s =1 (cheap)				
s = h (expensive)	Unified To	p-k Opti	mization	
$s = \infty$ (impossible)	[ICDE05,l7			

"Expensive" Ranking Conditions [TODS07]

- Goal: Perform only necessary random accesses (or, "probes")
- Necessary probes
 - A probe is necessary if top-k answers cannot be determined by any algorithm without it, regardless of the outcomes of other probes.
- Optimal algorithm
 - An algorithm is probe-optimal if it performs only the necessary probes.

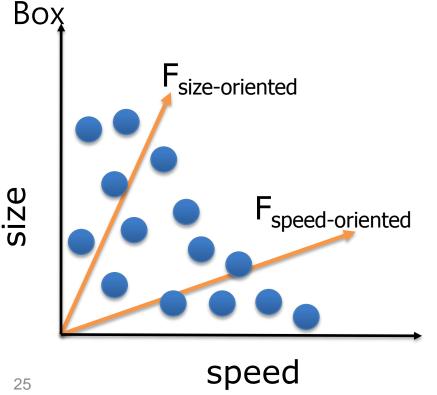
Pioneering Algorithms

• k=1, F=min(x,p1,p2); suppose H=(p1,p2)

<u>OID</u>	Χ	p1	p2	F=min(x,p1,p2)
а	0.9	?	1	0.9 ← top 1
b	0.8	Mayb	e Not!	≤ 0.8
С	0.7	?	1	0.7
d	0.6	P	1	0.6
е	0.5	?	1	0.5

Skylines: Needs for "Portfolio" Approach

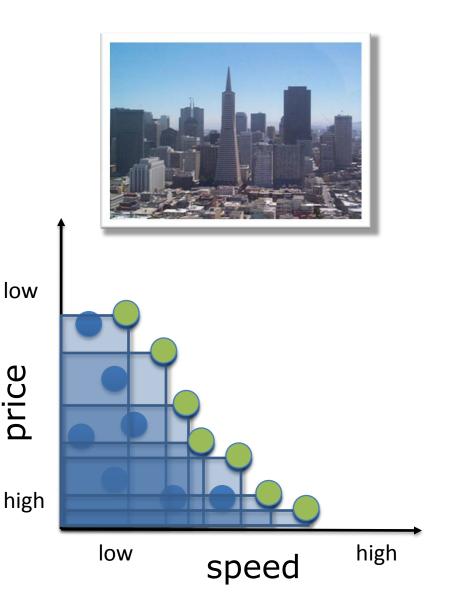
- Top-k retrieval requires accuracy of scoring function F
 → risk for inaccuracy
- ■All models are wrong; only some are useful George



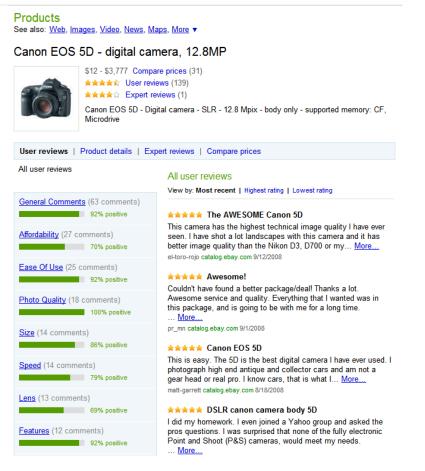
"Score = 0.6 * size + 0.4 * speed" ?!

Intuitive "Diversification"

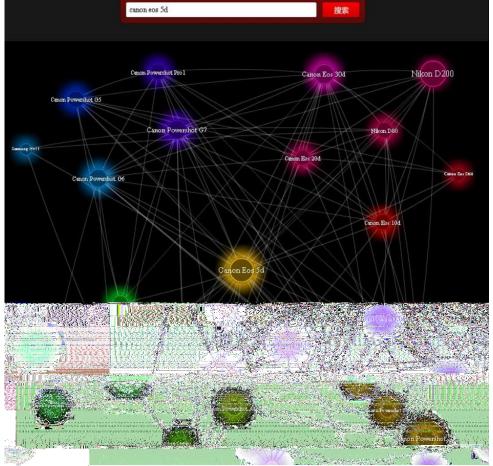
- Skylines or Paretooptimality
 - Find "diversifying" frontiers
- Advantages
 - Intuitive querying
- Disadvantages
 - Curse of dimensionality



Ranking+Skylines Showcase: Web Mining Driven Visual "Portfolio" Example



Live Search canon eos 5d



Data Intensive Backends

- Relationship
 - Magnitude (Distance): Strong/Weak
 - Types (Color): Sisters (D50,D70), Competitor (Canon), Accessory (Bag, Memory)...
- Mining
 - Magnitude (mass collaborative; voted by Web content creators)
 - Text co-occurrence (crawler)
 - Types (Feature-based)
 - Feature space (data extractor)

Short-term plans

- Code search feasibility study:
 - Using code-similarity metrics
- Structural indexing
 - Beta release
- Call-for-help:
 - Code is much more than a text w/ syntactic structure
 - E.g., Runtime behaviors ("expensive". Use sparingly)
 - Enlighten me!

Thank You!

http://www.postech.edu/~swhwang