

임베디드 시스템의 성능 및 오류 검증

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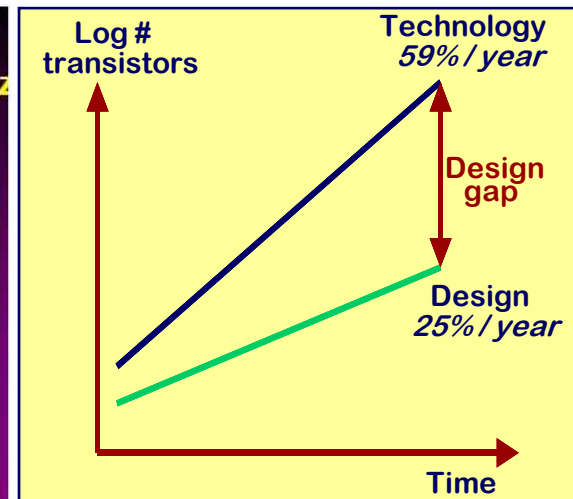
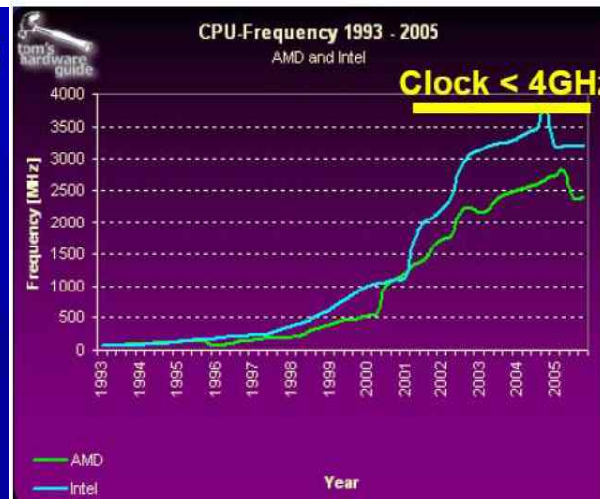
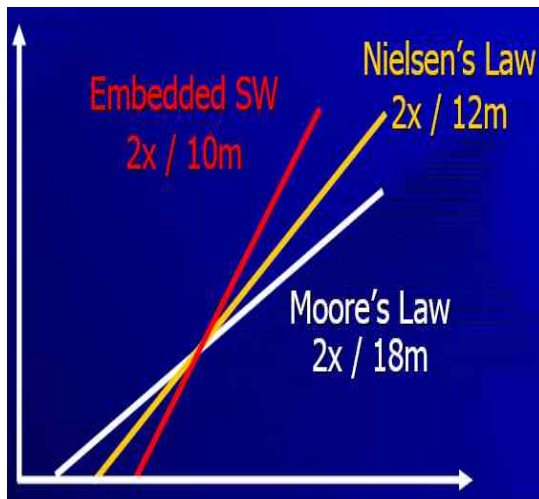
MPSoC ERA

- 응용프로그램의 복잡도 증가 vs. H/W 성능 증가
 - ▣ 단일 CPU만으로 고성능 응용프로그램의 수행 제한적
- 집적도 한계와 기하급수적 전력소모 증가
 - ▣ 단일 CPU 성능 향상 한계 도달
- CPU대안인 ASIC설계기술 발전 속도
 - ▣ 집적도 향상으로 NRE 비용 상승 & Time-to-market 저하

해결방안

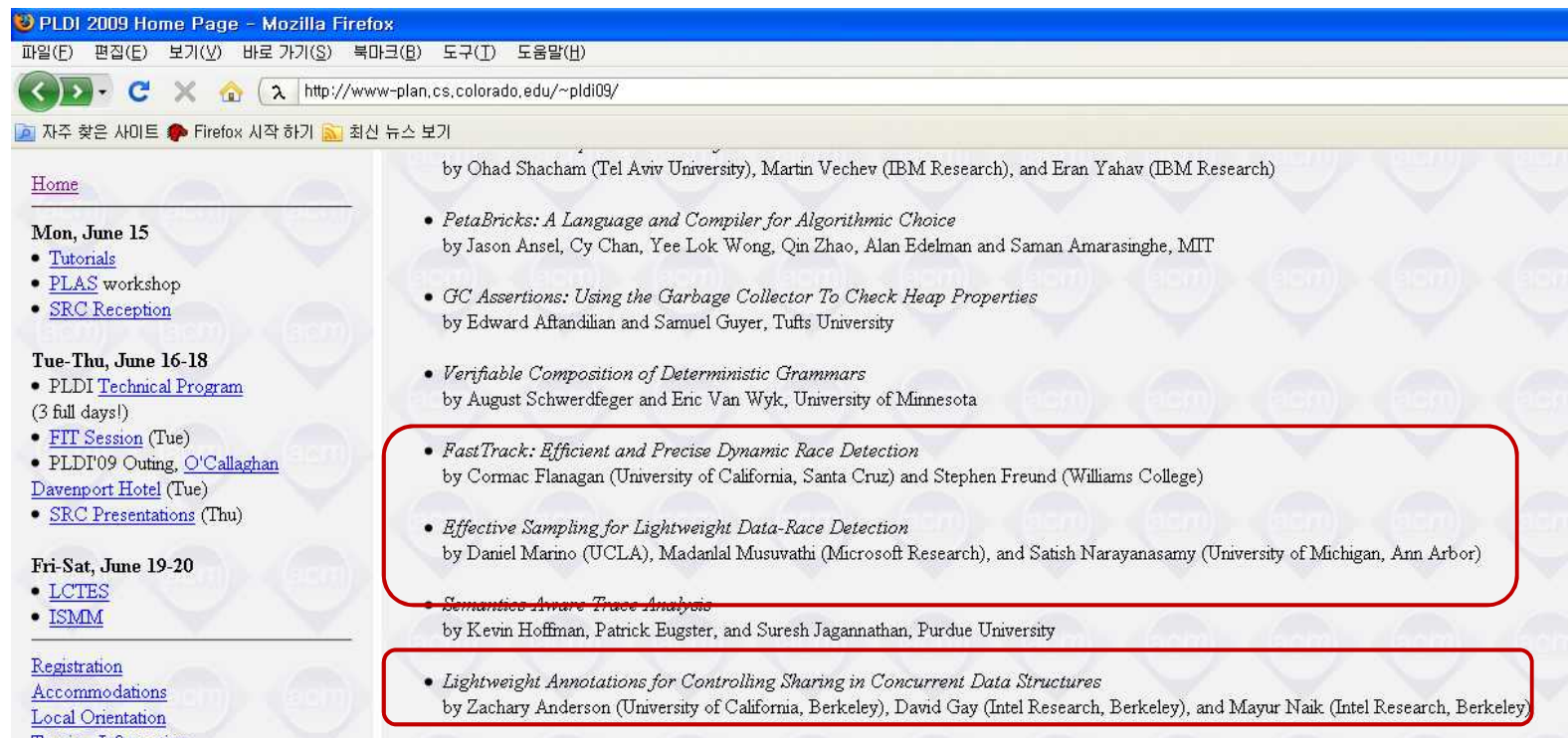


MPSoC



Parallel Programming as a hot issue

□ From PLDI '09 accepted paper list



The screenshot shows the PLDI 2009 Home Page in a Mozilla Firefox browser. The page lists accepted papers for the conference. The following papers are highlighted with red boxes:

- FastTrack: Efficient and Precise Dynamic Race Detection*
by Cormac Flanagan (University of California, Santa Cruz) and Stephen Freund (Williams College)
- Effective Sampling for Lightweight Data-Race Detection*
by Daniel Marino (UCLA), Madanlal Musuvathi (Microsoft Research), and Satish Narayanasamy (University of Michigan, Ann Arbor)
- Semantics Aware Trace Analysis*
by Kevin Hoffman, Patrick Eugster, and Suresh Jagannathan, Purdue University
- Lightweight Annotations for Controlling Sharing in Concurrent Data Structures*
by Zachary Anderson (University of California, Berkeley), David Gay (Intel Research, Berkeley), and Mayur Naik (Intel Research, Berkeley)

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멀티 프로세서 디버깅

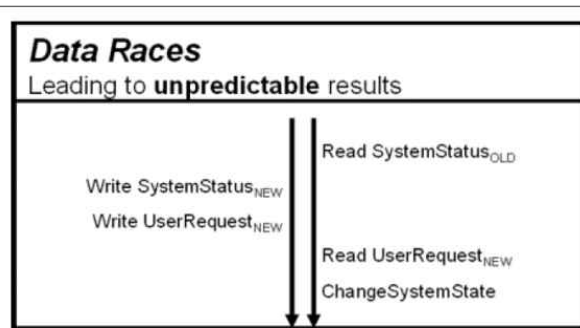
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Necessity of an MPSoC source level debugger

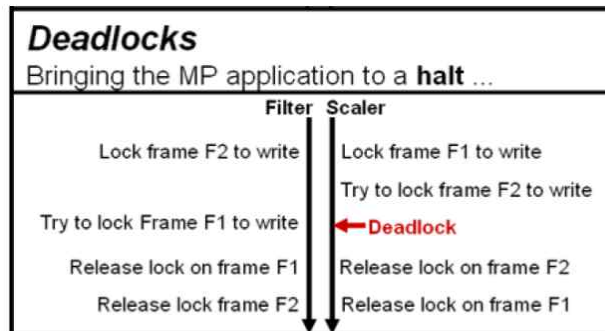
MPSoC nightmare

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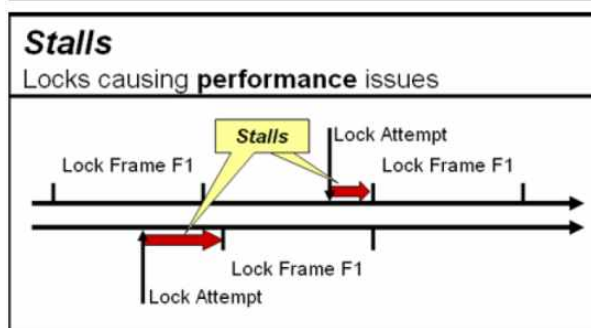
- MPSoC nightmares – runtime errors are important



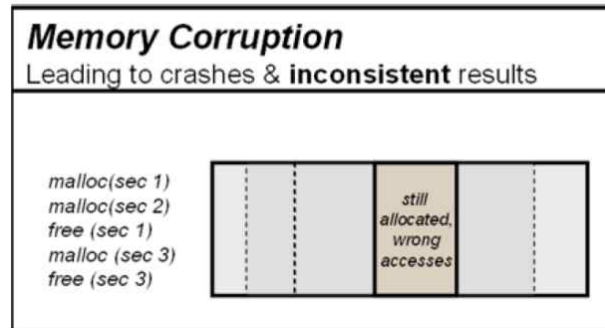
3: Data races are an example of MP debug nightmares.



4: Deadlocks are another MP debug nightmare.



6: Engineers may have a MP debug nightmare when dealing with stalls.

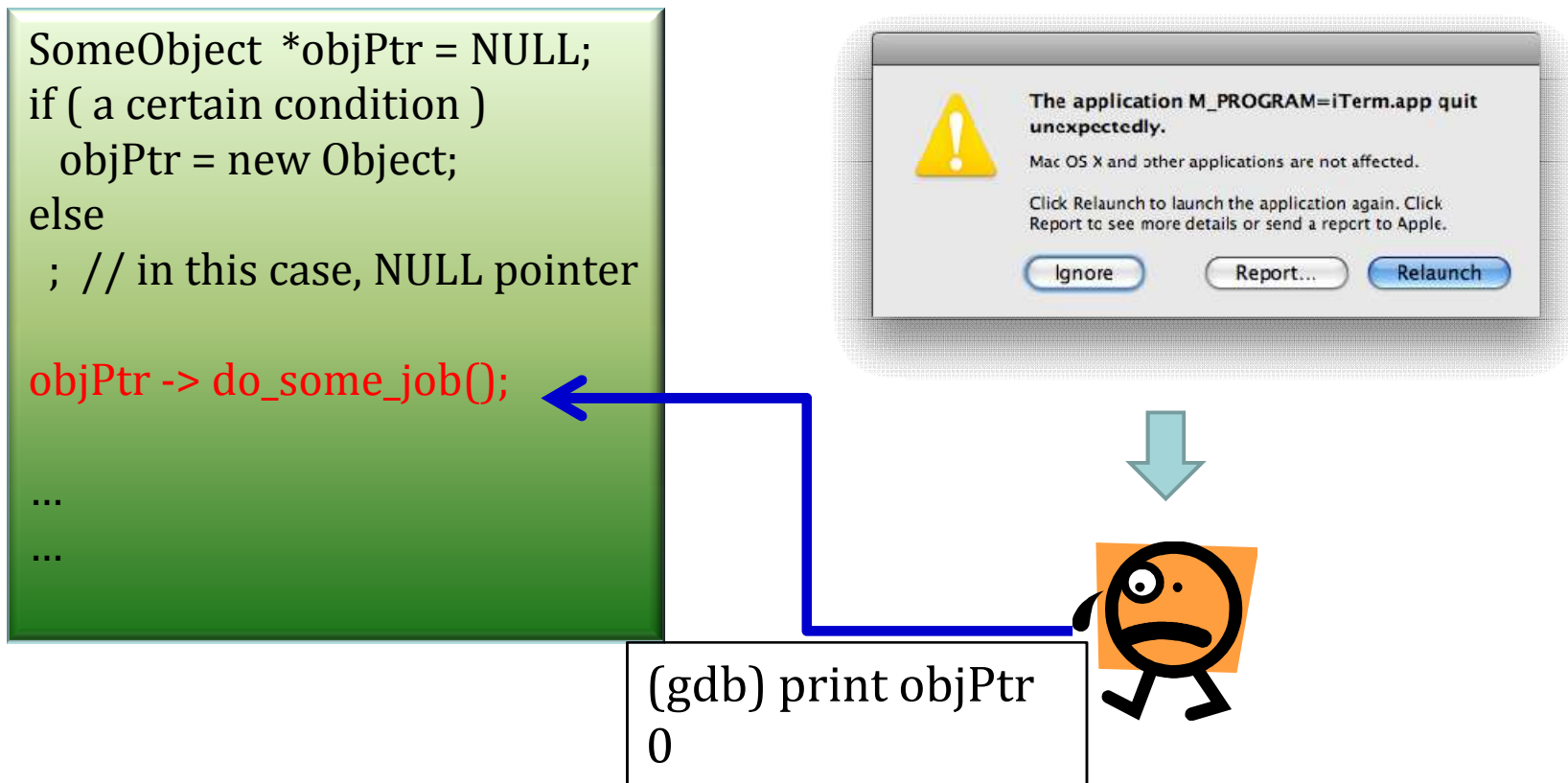


5: Memory corruption also is a MP debug nightmare.

Source Level Debugger

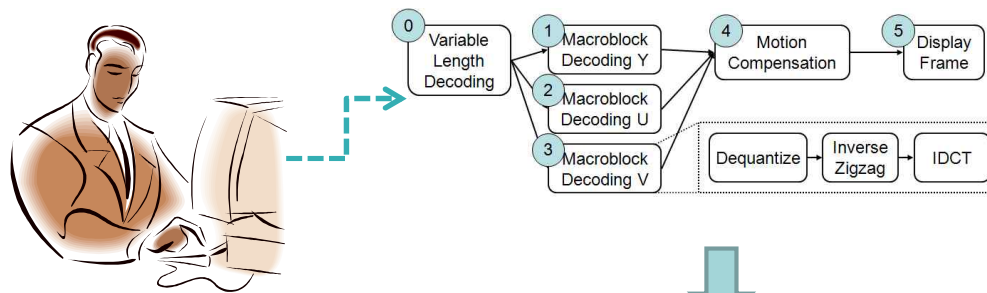
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- Programmer의 semantic과 저수준의 error를 연결



Even if...

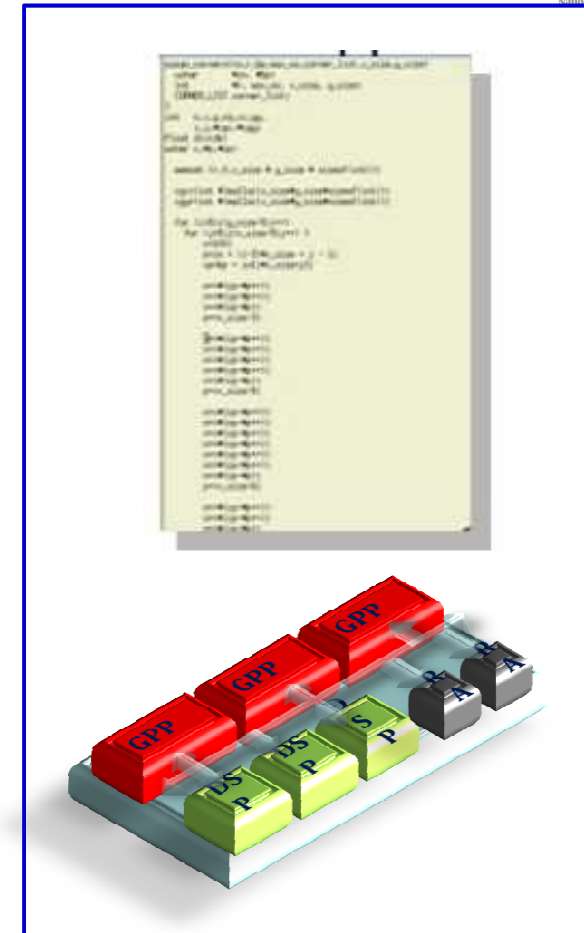
- Tools are not so perfect



We need a Source level debugger for MPSoC



CAD tool



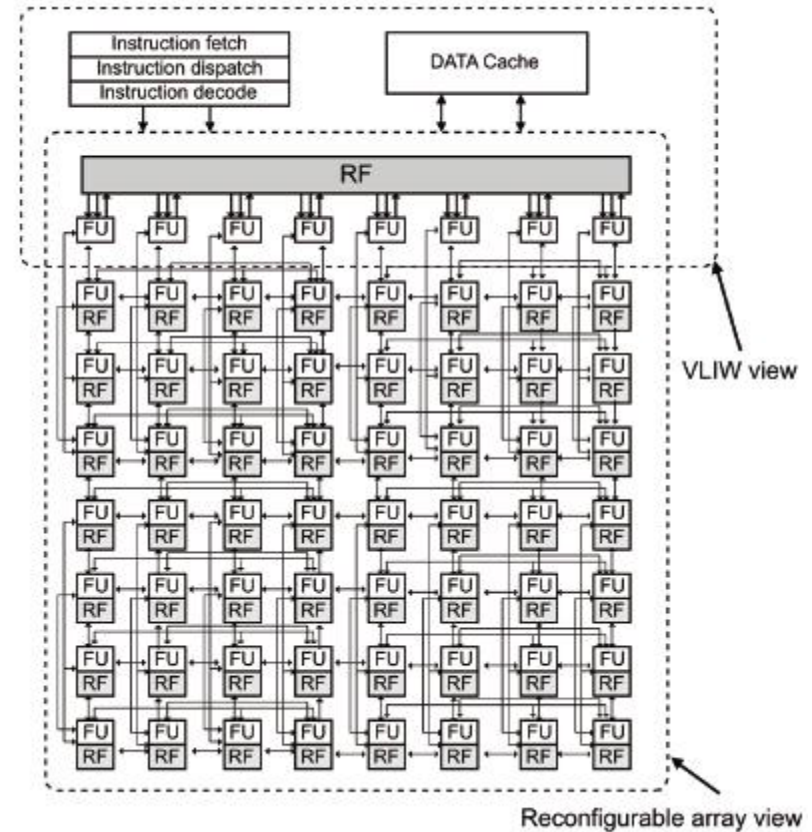
Automatically Synthesized code

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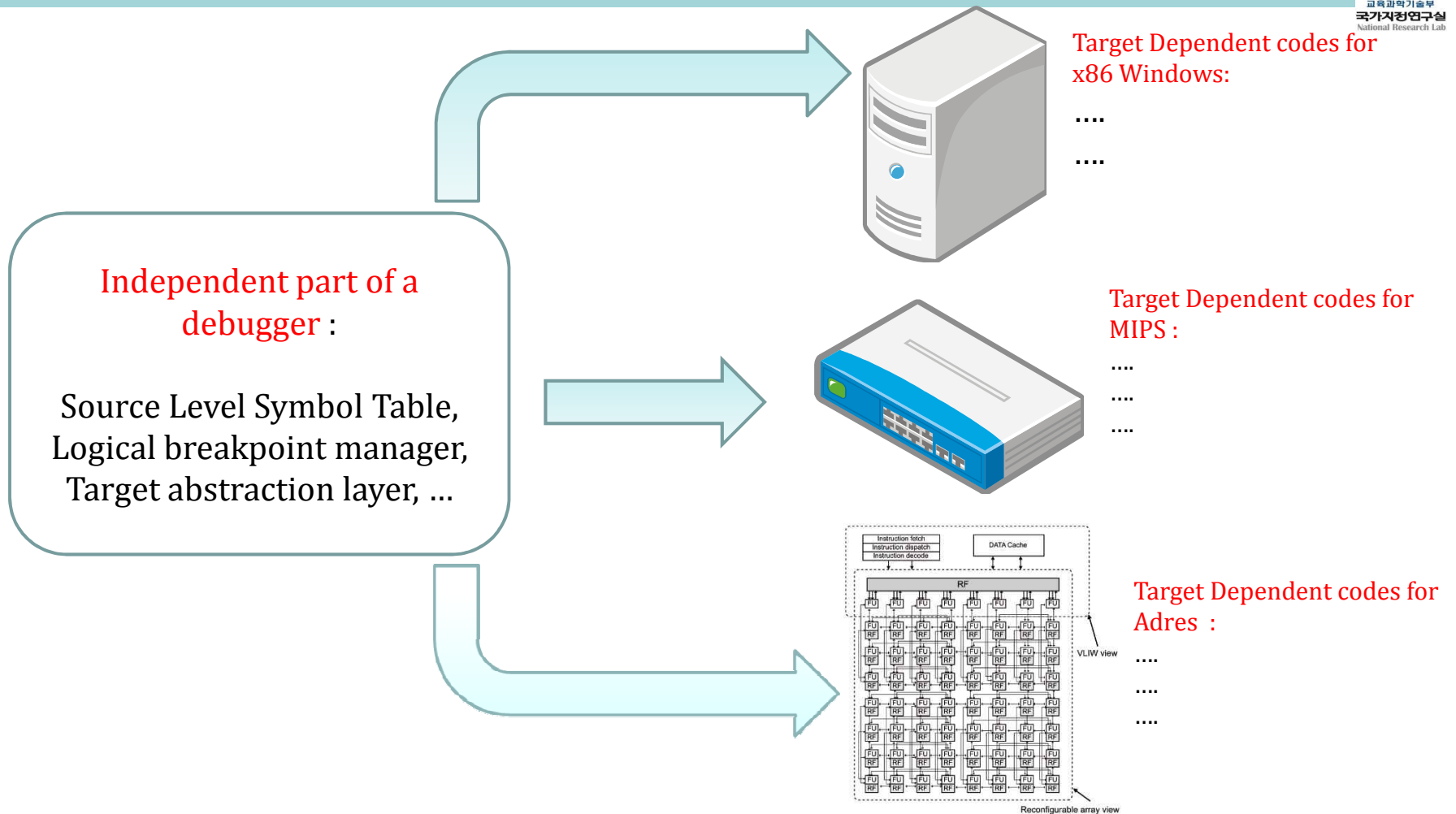
What we have done...

Development of a re-targetable source level debugger for ADRES, with S.A.I.T

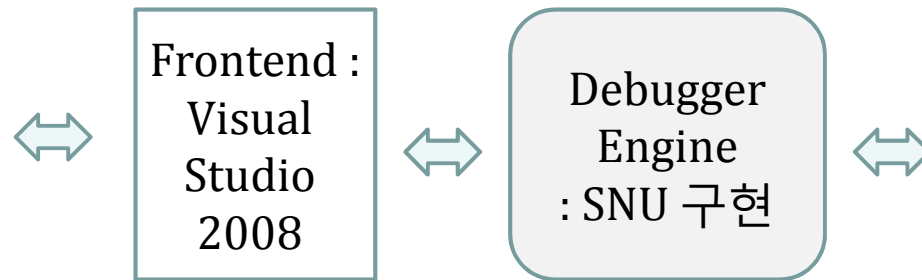
Reconfigurable Processor(ADRES)



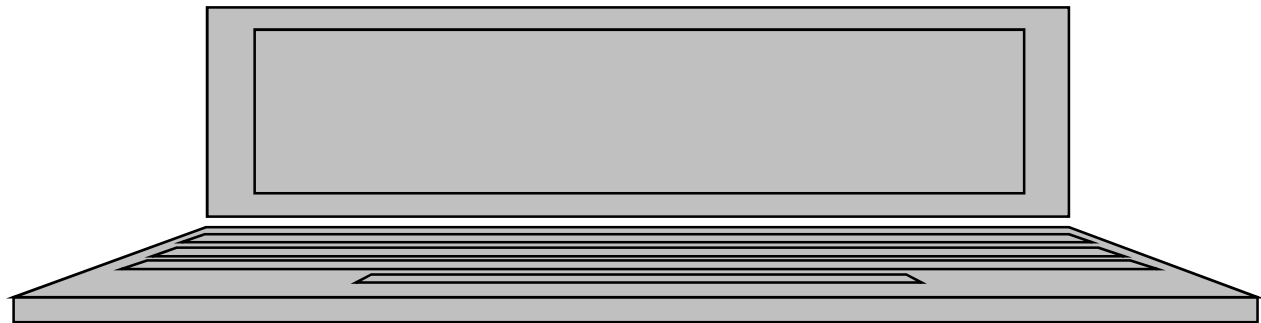
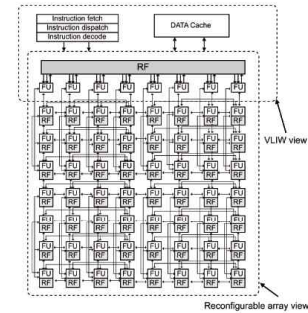
개요 : Re-targetable Debugger



전체 그림 - Debugger 구조



PSIM :
processor simulator



Personal Computer, x86 windows

Data inspection

- Data inspection
 - Operands
 - Scope
 - Static global, local variables
 - External global variables
 - Auto local variables
 - Function parameters
 - Nested scope supported
 - Data type
 - Arrays, struct variables, pointers
 - Union variables not yet.

Data inspection – cont'd

□ Operation

- Almost every operations but function call
 - Arrow operator (->) and assign operator(=) included
 - Array index operator([]), dot operator included
 - Dereference operator(*), Address operator(&) included
 - Basic binary, unary operators
 - +, -, <<, >>, /, %, etc included
- Long and complex C expression supported
 - Ex) N[3] -> next . array_field[2] . second_field

Control execution

- Control execution
 - Removing/Setting breakpoints
 - Step in/over/out
 - Run, continue execution

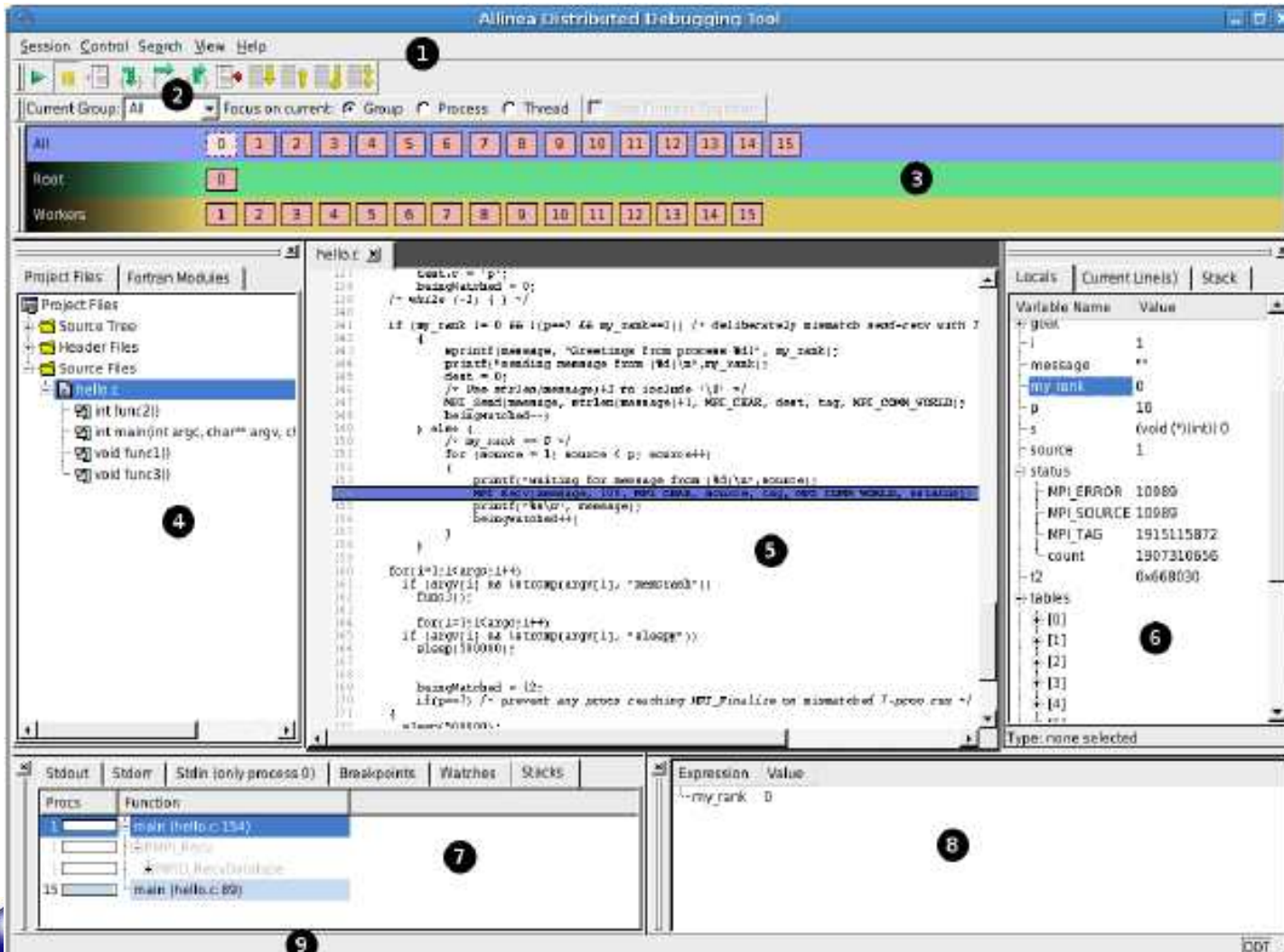
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연구 주제 확장

MPSoC debugger, Runtime error detection

Multi-process debugger example - DDT

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Alinea Distributed Debugging Tool

Session Control Search View Help

Current Group: All

Process: All

Workers: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

Project Files: Fortran Modules

Source Files

hello.f

```
121 testlv = p;  
122 debugMatched = 0;  
123 /* while (-1) { } */  
124  
125 if (my_rank != 0 && ! (p==) && my_rank==1) /* deliberately mismatch send-recv with T  
126 {  
127     sprintf(message, "Greetings from process %d!", my_rank);  
128     printf("sending message from %d!\n", my_rank);  
129     dest = 0;  
130     /* Use strlen(message)+1 to include '\0' */  
131     MPI_Send(message, strlen(message)+1, MPI_CHAR, dest, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD);  
132     debugMatched++;  
133 } else {  
134     /* my_rank = 0 */  
135     for (source = 1; source < p; source++)  
136     {  
137         printf("waiting for message from %d!\n", source);  
138         MPI_Recv(message, 10, MPI_CHAR, source, tag, MPI_COMM_WORLD, MPI_STATUS_IGNORE);  
139         printf("%d!\n", message);  
140         debugMatched++;  
141     }  
142  
143     for(i=1; i<argp-1; i++)  
144     if (argv[i] && !strcmp(argv[i], "memtest"))  
145         memtest();  
146  
147     for(i=1; i<argp-1; i++)  
148     if (argv[i] && !strcmp(argv[i], "sloop"))  
149         sloop(10000);  
150  
151     debugMatched = !2;  
152     i!(p==1) /* prevent any proc caching MPI_Finalize on mismatched T-proc exit */  
153 }  
154  
155 return 0;  
156
```

Locals | Current Lines | Stack

Variable Name	Value
glob	
-1	1
message	**
my_rank	0
p	10
s	(void (*)link) 0
SOURCE	1
status	
MPI_ERROR	10000
MPI_SOURCE	10000
MPI_TAG	1915115872
count	1907310656
i2	0x668030
tables	
+ [0]	
+ [1]	
+ [2]	
+ [3]	
+ [4]	
+ [5]	

Stdout | Stderr | Stdin (only process 0) | Breakpoints | Watches | Stacks

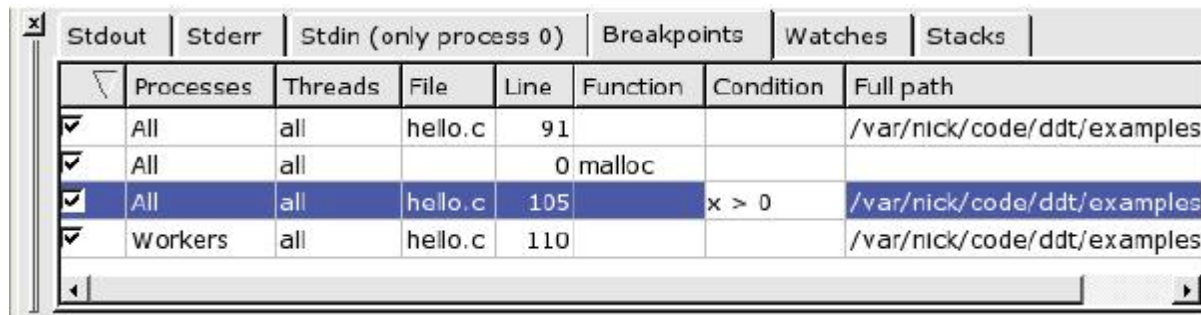
Proc	Function
1	main (hello.c:154)
1	main (hello.c:154)
1	main (hello.c:154)
15	main (hello.c:89)

Expression Value

!-my_rank - 0

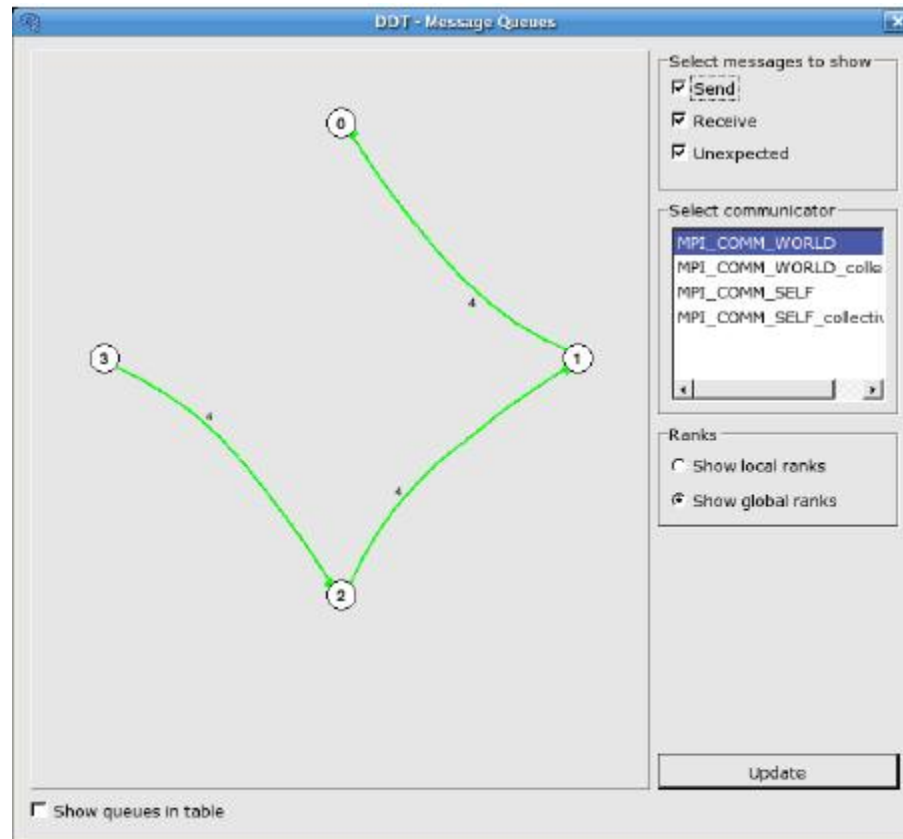
- 1. menu bar
- 2. process controls
- 3. process groups
- 4. project navigator
- 5. source code
- 6. variables and stack
- 7. parallel stack, IO, Breakpoints
- 8. evaluate window
- 9 status bar

Conditional breakpoints for multiple processes



	Processes	Threads	File	Line	Function	Condition	Full path
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	All	all	hello.c	91			/var/nick/code/ddt/examples
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	All	all		0	malloc		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	All	all	hello.c	105		x > 0	/var/nick/code/ddt/examples
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Workers	all	hello.c	110			/var/nick/code/ddt/examples

DDT – Message Queues



Basically



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- MPSoC debugger looks like DDT

- Including runtime error detection modules such as
 - Race condition detection
 - Data race detection
 - Deadlock detection
 - etc

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임베디드 소프트웨어/하드웨어 검증

Problems

- Use different languages for modeling and implementation
 - Cannot verify the desired functions directly
- Hardware designers have to restart the design process by capturing the designs using the HDLs
 - May have unmatched problems
- Require many experts in system architecture for the partition of software and hardware parts
 - The partition may not be the optimal solution
- Hardware and software integration is often painful
 - Hardware and software cannot work together
 - Co-verification of hardware and software is inefficient
- Long design time and high-cost
- Verification and Debugging is painful

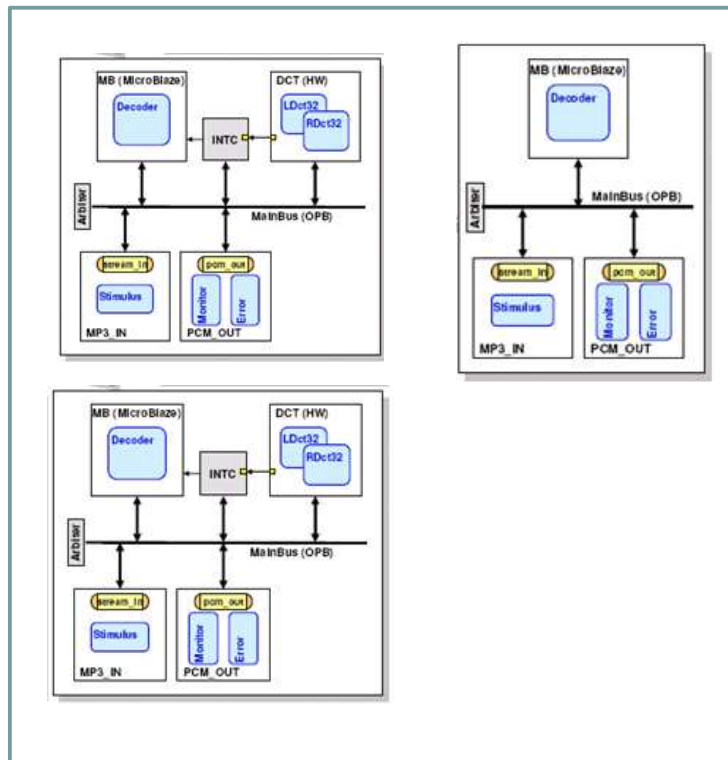
Needs of New Methodology



- [1] Kurt Keutzer, et. al. "System-Level Design: Orthogonalization of Concerns and Platform-Based Design," IEEE TCAD, 19(12), December 2000.

"we believe that **the lack of appropriate methodology and tool support for modeling of concurrency** in its various forms is an essential limiting factor in the use of both RTL and commonly used programming languages to express design complexity"

Meet-in-the-middle methodology



Set of architectures(platform)



mapping

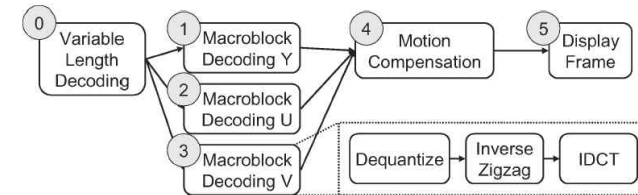
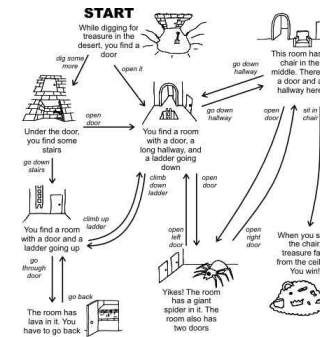


Fig. 3. Task specification example: H.263 decoder.



Implementation-independent application specifications

Timing in real-time systems



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- Specify-Exploration-Refinement design methodology
 - Verification is very important
 - **Timing is key factor for verification** between specification before refinement and that after refinement

- With SER methodology, **high level estimation of execution time is important**
 - To improve performance
 - To reduce runtime errors related with timing

Wrong estimation



	Estimation	Actual execution time
Task 1	100	50
Task 2	50	50

Deadline = 120

Since the estimation was wrong, we need one more processor to meet the deadline

Wrong estimation



	Estimation	Actual execution time
Task 1	50	100
Task 2	50	50

Deadline = 120

Since the estimation was wrong, verification fails or unexpected runtime error occurs

Co-work with Aachen



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- They developed high level estimation scheme and publish the paper, “Multiprocessor performance estimation using hybrid simulation”, Lei Gao, et al
 - <http://portal.acm.org/citation.cfm?id=1391469.1391552>
- We have the environment that we can compile source code into ISA of a certain virtual machine, simulate and profile
 - By comparing these two methods, and complementing, we expect getting more precise high level estimation method

멀티 프로세서 디버깅



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- MPSoC programming
 - It becomes more important to detect or avoid runtime errors
 - Connecting low level error and user-level semantic is getting crucial
 - Necessity of a source level debugger increases drastically

임베디드 소프트웨어/하드웨어 검증



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- High level performance estimation is the key for
 - Design space exploration
 - Improve performance of the synthesized system
 - Avoiding runtime errors, especially related to timing in real-time systems