Programming Multiple GPUs

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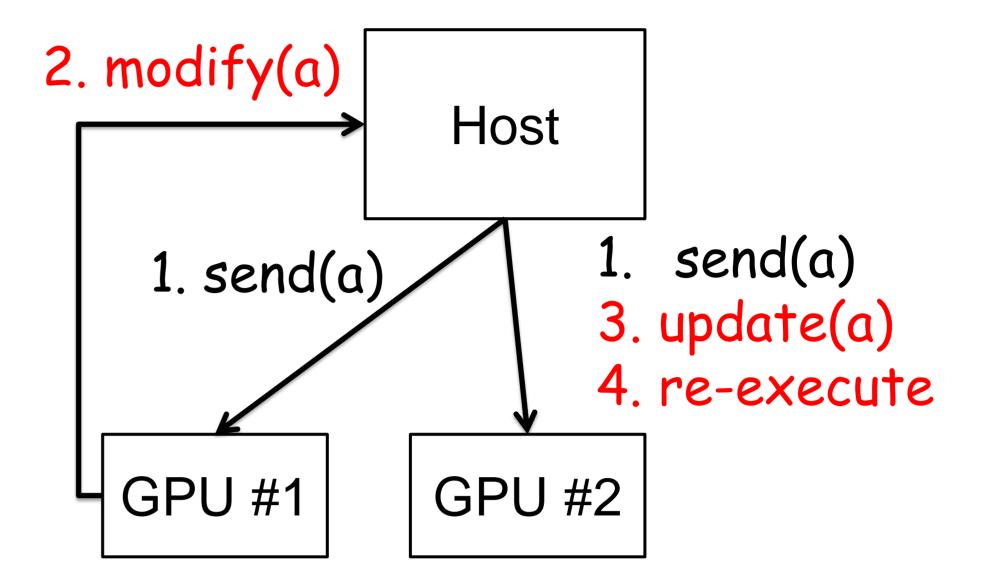
Motivation

- How to reduce the burden of multi-GPU programming?
- How to guarantee functional correctness on multi-GPU? \bullet
- How to achieve the optimal performance on multi-GPU? lacksquare

Summary

Experimental Results

Existing multi-CPU programming model



- We analyze the burden of multi-GPU programming.
- We are working on static code analysis & architectural supports to achieve functional correctness & optimal performance.

Background

Higher throughput with multiple GPUs ullet

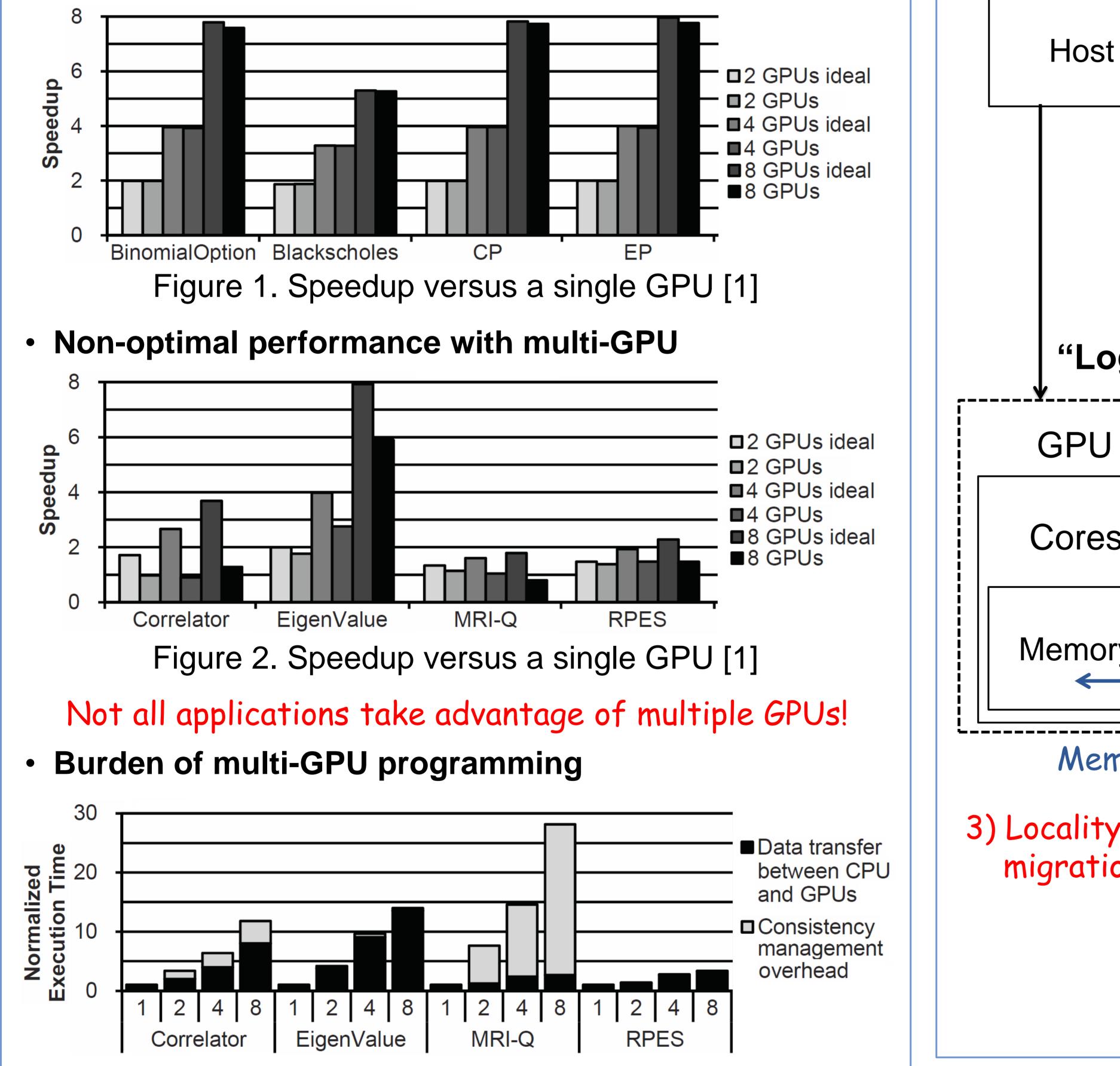


Figure 4. Inter-GPU communications through a host

New programming model

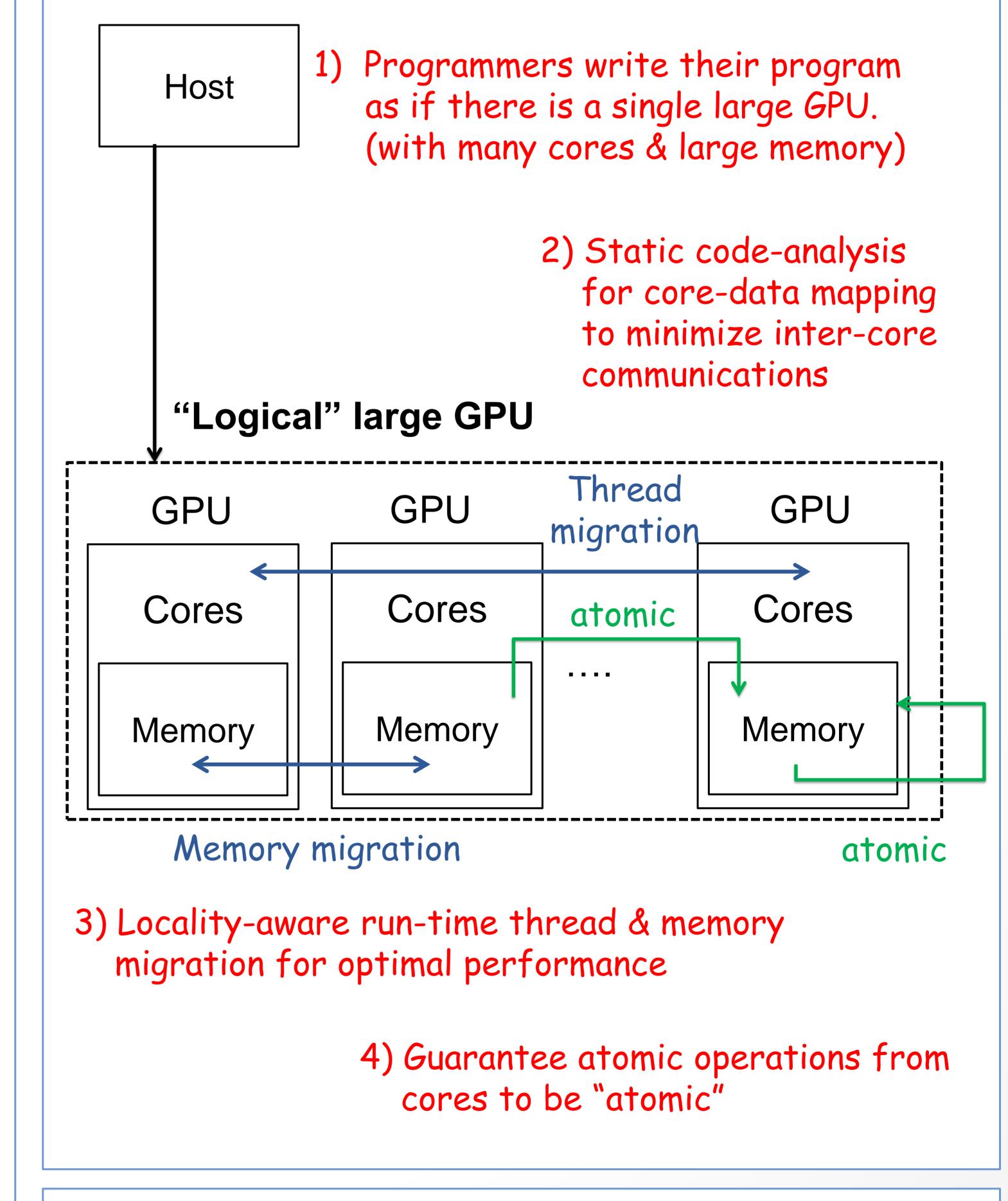


Figure 3. Execution time analysis [1]

- > Keeping data consistency across GPUs degrades performance.
- > Data and thread assignment cannot be changed during program execution.
- > Lack of atomic operations forces programmers to modify their codes.

Problem:

> Programmers must redesign their algorithms and rewrite their codes for multi-GPUs. > Programmers lose performance when porting programs to multiple GPUs.

Current Work

We are currently implementing static code analysis (frontend data and thread assignment) and architectural supports (inter-GPU synchronization, atomics, data replication) to guarantee functional correctness and optimal performance based on OpenCL [2].

References

[1] Jungwon Kim, Honggyu Kim, Joo Hwan Lee, and Jaejin Lee, "Achieving a Single" Compute Device Image in OpenCL for Multiple GPUs," In *PPoPP'11*. [2] Khronos Group, "OpenCL: The Open Standard for Parallel Programming of *Heterogeneous Systems,*" http://www.khronos.org/opencl/